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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/020,275	12/18/2001	Walter Takeo Yagyu	08200.608	9120	
7590 12/16/2004			EXAMINER		
Liniak, Berenato, Longacre & White			FERGUSON,	FERGUSON, MICHAEL P	
Ste. 240 6550 Rock Spring Drive			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Bethesda, MD 20817			3679		
			DATE MAILED: 12/16/2004	DATE MAILED: 12/16/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/020,275	YAGYU, WALTER TAKEO
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
<u> </u>	Michael P. Ferguson	3679
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repleted in the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be only within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDO	days will be considered timely. Tom the mailing date of this communication. DNED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	•	
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 C This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allowated closed in accordance with the practice under the condition of th	s action is non-final. ance except for formal matters,	
Disposition of Claims		
 4) Claim(s) 1-3 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-3 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 18 December 2001 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	are: a) \square accepted or b) \square objection is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applic prity documents have been rece nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summa	
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail) 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Date Il Patent Application (PTO-152)

Application/Control Number: 10/020,275

Art Unit: 3679

DETAILED ACTION

In view of the appeal brief filed on October 25, 2004, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. A new ground(s) of rejection is set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:

- (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
- (2) initiate a new appeal by filing a notice of appeal under 37 CFR 41.31. A new notice of appeal fee and appeal brief fee will not be required for applicant to appeal from the new Office action. Any appeal brief filed on or after September 13, 2004 must comply with 37 CFR 41.37.

Examiner notes that the appeal brief filed October 25, 2004 is defective. See Rules of Practice Before the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences (Final Rule), 69 Fed. Reg. 49959 (August 12, 2004).

Claim Objections

1. Claim 2 is objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 2 (line 4) recites "which ball joints". It should recite --which the ball joints--.

For the purpose of examining the application, it is assumed that appropriate correction has been made.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

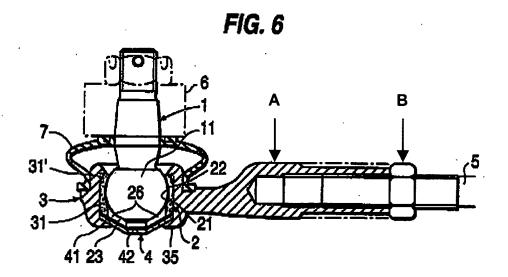
Application/Control Number: 10/020,275

Art Unit: 3679

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

3. Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shimizu et al. (US 5,368,408) in view of Pazdirek et al. (US 6,398,446) and Kobayashi (US 5,092,703).

As to claim 1, Shimizu et al. disclose a tie rod comprising a stem 5 provided at its ends with ball joints 3 each composed of a metallic ball joint box A (box A of ball joint 3 has a metallic cross-hatching; Figure 6 reprinted below with annotations), a bearing 2, a protection cover 7 and a ball pin 1, the tie rod having the function of fixing pieces and components of a mechanical system between themselves, providing to them angular and rotational movement, supporting the strains concentrated therein, wherein the stem of the tie rod is combined with components of the metallic ball joint box (Figure 6).



Shimizu et al. fail to disclose a tie rod wherein a stem of the tie rod is made of material comprising a polymer composite with fiber reinforcement.

Art Unit: 3679

Pazdirek et al. teach a tie rod with application of composite with fiber reinforcement, having a stem 22 provided at its ends with ball joints 16 each composed of a composite ball joint box 14, wherein the stem of the tie rod is made of material comprising a metal or a composite and combined with components of the composite ball joint box; the metal and composite materials being interchangeable known alternatives, and the use of metal tie rod components with composite tie rod components being known within the art (Figure 9, column 4 lines 41-46). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify a tie rod as disclosed by Shimizu et al. to have a stem made of a composite as taught by Pazdirek et al. as metal and composite materials are interchangeable known alternatives, and the use of metal tie rod components with composite tie rod components is known within the art.

Kobayashi teaches a tie rod with application of polymer composite with fiber reinforcement, having a stem 1 provided at its ends with ball joints 2 each composed of a ball joint box 5, wherein the stem of the tie rod is made of material comprising a polymer composite with fiber reinforcement and combined with components of the ball joint box; the fiber reinforced polymer composite being corrosion resistant and providing improved strength and decreased weight at a suitable manufacturing cost (Figures 1-3, column 7 lines 28-44). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify a tie rod as disclosed by Shimizu et al. in view of Pazdirek et al. to have a stem made of a polymer composite

Application/Control Number: 10/020,275

Art Unit: 3679

with fiber reinforcement as taught by Kobayashi in order to provide for a stronger, corrosion resistant, light weight tie rod.

As to claim 2, Shimizu et al. fail to disclose a tie rod wherein ball joints are attached to the ends of a stem by chemical fixing, making the tie rod a tie rod with fixed length.

Pazdirek et al. teach a tie rod wherein ball joints **16** are attached to the ends of a stem **22** by chemical fixing (adhesive), making the tie rod a tie rod with fixed length; the chemical fixing providing for a more secure, permanent connection between the ball joints and the stem (column 4 lines 41-46). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify a tie rod as disclosed by Shimizu et al. to have ball joints attached to the ends of a stem by chemical fixing, making the tie rod a tie rod with fixed length as taught by Pazdirek et al. in order to provide for a more secure, permanent connection between the ball joints and the stem.

The applicant is reminded that process limitations are given no patentable weight in product claims. See MPEP § 2113. "The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. " <u>In re Thorpe</u>, 777 F.2d 695,698,USPQ 964,966 (Fed.Cir.1985).

As to claim 3, Shimizu et al. disclose a tie rod wherein ball joints 3 are attached to the ends of a stem 5 by means of a thread on the body of the stem and in the ball joints' boxes A, making the tie rod a tie rod with variable length, the adjustment of its

Art Unit: 3679

length and the locking of the tie rod being provided by nuts **B** provided on the threads of the stem and that are tightened against the boxes of the ball joints (Figure 6).

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed October 25, 2004, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1 and 3 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) over Shimizu et al. in view of Kobayashi have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of different interpretation of the previously applied references.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael P. Ferguson whose telephone number is (703)308-8591. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30-4:30).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel P. Stodola can be reached on (703)308-2686. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/020,275 Page 7

Art Unit: 3679

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MPF

12/02/04

DANIEL P. STODOLA SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600